# FACTORIT S.p.A. – SOCIETA' DI FACTORING DELLE BANCHE POPOLARI ITALIANE

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AT 31 DECEMBER, 2003

FACTORIT S.p.A. Società di factoring delle Banche Popolari Italiane Legal office:7, Street Tortona - 20144 MILANO – Share fully paid-up capital: Euro 37,500,000 Tax payer's code number and Milan's Register of enterprise: 04334940154 Common summary UIC n° 28110 – Special list Bankit n° 19131

#### BALANCE SHEET

#### ASSETS (Euro)

			31.12.2003		31.12.2002
10	CASH AND BANK		50.081		281.854
20	RECEIVABLES FROM CREDIT INSTITUTIONS a) at sight b) other receivables: receivables in factoring transactions	10.823.655 13.768.672 13,768,672	24.592.327	28.359.191 13.232.086 13,232,086	41.591.277
30	RECEIVABLES FROM FINANCE COMPANIES b) OTHER RECEIVABLES receivables in factoring transactions	3.677.990 3,677,990	3.677.990	13.020.756 12,869,348	13.020.756
40	RECEIVABLES FROM CLIENTS for factoring transactions receivables to be collected acquired at other than nominal value	2,895,347,288 335,300	2.895.682.588	3,048,568,297 370,713	3.048.939.010
50	BONDS AND OTHER FIXED-INCOME SECURITIES b) CREDIT INSTITUTIONS c) FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	644.747 516.457	1.161,204	717.033 516.457	1.233.490
70	EOUITY INTEREST		1,261,845		1.715.233
80	EOUITY INTERESTS IN GROUP COMPANIES		51.646		51.646
90	INTAGIBLE ASSETS goodwill	1,432,036	1.504.160	1,670,708	1.770.504
100	TANGIBILE ASSETS		8.971.536		8,467,604
130	OTHER ASSETS		16,140,812		9.890.817
140	ACCRUED INCOME AND PREPAYMENTS a) ACCRUED INCOME b) PREPAYMENTS	24.212 1.418.624	1.442.836	27.939 1.797.709	1.825.648
	TOTAL ASSETS		2,954,537,025		3,128,787,839

Following pages

BALANCE SHEET

#### LIABILITIES (Euro)

			31.12.2003		31.12.2002
10	PAYABLES TO CREDIT INSTITUTIONS a) AT SIGHT receivables in factoring transactions b) ON CREDIT WITHOUT PRIOR NOTICE	58.098.966 123,113 1.611.379.362	1.669.478.328	55.527.317 198,031 1.686.653.390	1.742.180.707
20	PAYABLES TO FINANCE COMPANIES b) ON CREDIT WITHOUT PRIOR NOTICE receivables in factoring transactions	155,456 155,456	155.456	- -	-
30	PAYABLES TO CLIENTS a) AT SIGHT receivables in factoring transactions b) ON CREDIT WITHOUT PRIOR NOTICE receivables in factoring transactions	4.194.842 4,194,842 1.135.143.172 1,135,143,172	1.139.338.014	6.876.787 6,876,787 1.120.657.063 1,120,657,063	1.127.533.850
40	SECURED PAYABLES b) other secured	18,967,345	18.967.345	91,799,901	91.799.901
50	OTHER PAYABLES		41.034.853		56.650.843
60	ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND DEFFERED INCOME a) ACCRUED LIABILITIES b) DEFFERED INCOME	1.798.878 1.982.004	3.780.882	2.505.501 1.039.240	3.544.741
70	STAFF LEAVING INDEMNITY		3,762,164		3,584,606
80	PROVISION FOR RISKS AND CHARGES b) PROVISION FOR TAXES	7.437.659	7.437.659	5.979.172	5.979.172
90	PROVISION FOR DOUBTFUL DEBTS		14,575,442		12.075.442
100	PROVISION FOR GENERAL FINANCIAL RISKS		3.150.387		3.150.387
110	SUBORDINATE LOANS		-		30.987.414
120	SHARE CAPITAL		37.500.000		37.500.000
130	SHARE PREMIUM RESERVE		2,410,060		2,410,060

Following pages

BALANCE SHEET

### LIABILITIES (Euro)

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002
140 RESERVES a) LEGAL RESERVE d) OTHER RESERVE	9,515,712 2,972,168 6,543,544	2.439.842 3.627.613
160 PROFIT CARRIED FORWARD	3	3
170 PROFIT	3.430.720	5.323.258
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,954,537,025	3,128,787,839
10 GUARANTEES RECEIVABLES	<u>-</u>	309,874
20 COMMITMENTS	397.436.867	360.286.853

## INCOME STATEMENT

#### COSTS (Euro)

			31.12.2003		31.12.2002
10	INTEREST AND SIMILAR CHARGES		38.714.416		52.805.686
20	COMMISSION EXPENSE		6.060.358		6.158.689
30	LOSSES FROM FINANCIAL OPERATIONS		3.625		1.339
40	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES: a) PERSONNEL EXPENSES	13.302.555	23.484.337	12.836.177	22.573.961
	<ul> <li>Staff remuneration</li> <li>Employer's contributions</li> <li>Staff leaving indemnity</li> <li>Old age pension</li> <li>OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</li> </ul>	9,104,782 2,989,181 811,120 397,472 10,181,782		8,890,429 2,917,192 717,940 310,616 9,737,784	
50	VALUE ADJUSTMENTS INTANGIBILE AND TANGIBLE ASSETS		1.222.847		1,256,208
80	PROVISION TO THE FUNDS RISKS ON CREDITS		2.500.000		3.554.196
90	VALUE ADJUSTMENTS TO RECEIVABLES AND ACCRUALS FOR GUARANTEES AND COMMITMENTS		25.346.254		18.645.804
100	VALUE ADJUSTMENTS TO FINANCIAL ASSETS		458.862		-
110	EXTRAORDINARY EXPENSES		908.656		344,222
130	INCOME TAXES		4.112.049		5.075.133
140	PROFIT		3.430.720		5.323.258
	TOTAL COSTS		106,242,124		115,738,496

Following pages

INCOME STATEMENT

#### REVENUES (Euro)

		31.12.2003		31.12.2002
0 INTEREST AND SIMILAR INCOME of which:		67 504 362		80 033 062
- in factoring transaction	67,066,278		79,301,946	
- security fixed income	36,248		43,454	
20 DIVIDEND AND OTHER INCOME		533,717		204,583
b) equity interest	330.592		1.458	
c) on shares in company of group	203.125		203.125	
0 COMMISSION INCOME		33.535.705		30.746.817
50 REVERSALS OF RECEIVABLES WRITE-DOWN AND ACCRUALS FOR GUARANTEES AND COMMITMENTS		992.374		696.495
0 OTHER OPERATING INCOME		3.514.936		3.096.111
0 EXTRAORDINARY INCOME		161.030		961.428
TOTAL REVENUES		106,242,124		115,738,496

The present balance sheet is conforming to the bookkeeping recordings.

signed on behalf of the Board of Directors *The Chairman Roberto Ruozi* 

Profit and Loss as of December 31, 2003 (Euro/000)

Attachment A

	2003	2002
Incomes from:		• • • • • •
Net commission	27,476	24,588
Financial net incomes	29,320	27,431
GROSS MARGIN	56,796	52,019
Cost for:		
Net cost for staff	13,303	12,836
Net indirect taxes and other taxes	2,436	2,309
Other administrative costs	4,231	4,333
TOTAL NET OPERATING COSTS	19,970	19,478
GROSS OPERATING EARNING	36,826	32,541
Adjustments	27,313	21,504
Amortizations	1,223	1,256
NET OPERATING EARNING	8,290	9,781
Others Incomes and losses	(748)	617
TOTAL OPERATIVE EARNING	7,542	10,398
EARNING BEFORE TAXES	7,542	10,398
Income taxes	4,111	5,075
EARNING (LOSS) OF THE EXERCISE	3,431	5,323

### Attachment B

## Financial statement (Euro/000)

	2003	2002
Sources of finance		
LIQUIDITY FROM ECONOMIC MANAGEME	NT:	
Profit (Loss) of the exercise.	3,431	5,323
Allocation credit risk fund	27,846	22,200
Allocation tangible assets	934	944
Amortization costs to use plurennial	289	312
Allocation retirement indemnity fund	537	537
Other sources:	33,037	29,316
Increase (decrease) Debts for banking companies	S	
And financial companies	(179,094)	269,252
Net Increase (decrease) Credits for factoring	148,523	(299,260)
Increase (decrease) Other Activities		
net of decrease (increase)		
Other Liabilities	(19,637)	22,360
Book value transferred assets	2	4
Net decrease Fixed Activities	(936)	(4.363)
TOTAL SOURCES	(18,105)	17,309
EMPLOYMENT OF FUNDS		
Utilization of retirement indemnity fund	359	538
Dividends	1,875	1,500
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	2,234	2,038
Net Liquid assets year's starting	(26,886)	(42,157)
Net Liquid assets year's ending	(47,225)	(26,886)
		=======

Attachment C

Plan fluctuation Net Worth accounts (Euro/000)

Description	Share Capital	Legal Reserve	Extraordinary Reserve	Issues Premium	Fusion rest Reserve	operating profit	Total
Settlement at 31.12.2000	37,341	1,819	681	2,410		1,987	44,238
Variations:							
* destination profit		199	734			(1,987)	(1,054)
Conversion Share Capital	159		(159)		74		74
* Operating profit 2001						4,219	4,219
G 44 4 121 12 2001	27.500	2.010	1.256	2.410	7.4	4.210	47.477
Settlement al 31.12.2001	37,500	2,018	1,256	2,410	74	4,219	47,477
Variations:							
* destination profit		422	2,297			(4,219)	(1,500)
* Operating profit 2002			,			5,323	5,323
1							
Settlement at 31.12.2002	37,500	2,440	3,553	2,410	74	5,323	51,300
Variations:							
* destination profit		532	2,916			(5,323)	(1,875)
* Operating profit 2003			2,710			3,431	3,431
	<del>!</del>		+		<del>!</del>		,
Settlement at 31.12.2003	37,500	2,972	6,469	2,410	74	3,431	52,856

#### Notes to the financial statements as at 31 December 2003

The financial statements, audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers S.p.A., have been drawn up in compliance with the provisions of Legislative Decree No. 87 of 27 January 1992, the instructions reported in the *Provvedimento* (regulation) issued by the Banca d'Italia on 31 July 1992 and subsequent amendments, including those introduced by the *Provvedimento* dated 7 August 1998 concerning the Euro and the *Provvedimento* dated 3 August 1999 setting forth guidelines for accounting for deferred taxes.

These Notes to the financial statements are a integral part of the financial statements as at 31 December 2003 and are subdivided as follows:

- 1) Section A Accounting policies
- 2) Section B Balance sheet
- 3) Section C Income statement
- 4) Section D Additional disclosures.

#### Section A – Accounting policies

#### 1. General

The accounting policies applied conform to the principle of prudence and the going concern basis of accounting and are consistent with those used in prior periods.

The financial statements have been drawn up with regard, where possible, to the economic substance of the transactions rather than their legal form and to the settlement date rather than the negotiation date.

#### 2. Receivables

Receivables collectible at sight are stated at nominal value.

Forward receivables or receivables collectible with notice are stated at purchase value and valued at estimated recoverable amount, determined on the basis of the debtors' solvency by a direct adjustment to the value of the account receivable.

Receivables for late payment interest of the period are stated for the recoverable amount and are accrued in the related provision.

Receivables denominated in foreign currency are valued at the exchange rates ruling on 31 December 2003.

Exchange differences have been taken entirely to the income statement of the period.

#### 3. Equity interests and securities

Equity interests are accounted for at purchase cost, adjusted for impairment losses, if any. Bonds are stated at purchase cost, corresponding to nominal value.

#### 4. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation which is computed, in the case of software costs, on a straight-line basis over a period of five years, and in the case of costs for fitting out offices, over the term of the related lease.

The merger deficit attributable to the goodwill of the merged entity In Factor S.p.A., paid at the time the latter was acquired (in 1999), was distributed on a straight-line basis over a period of ten years which is the period during which it is expected to generate economic benefits.

Intangible assets are capitalised with the consent of the Board of statutory auditors (*Collegio Sindacale*), with whom, moreover, the amortisation method has been agreed.

#### 5. Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated at cost, including accessory charges, less depreciation allowances computed at the ordinary rates and tax-driven accelerated depreciation (accelerated depreciation in excess of the technical rates, recorded to obtain the related tax benefit) computed within the limits allowed by the fiscal laws, a criterion that substantially reflects the estimated utilisation of the asset.

The rates applied are the following:

Asset category	Ordinary depreciation	Tax driven accelerated depreciation
Buildings	3%	-
Furniture and fittings	12%	-
Fixtures	15%	-
Office machines	20%	20%
Machinery and equipment	15%	15%
EDP	20%	20%
Cars	25%	25%
Lorries	20%	20%
Alarm system	30%	-
Telephone installations	20%	-
Electrical installations	7.5%	-
Elevators	7.5%	-
Air conditioning	15%	-
Special internal installations	25%	-

except for additions of the period, where half rates are applied.

Moreover, for the categories "Fixtures", "Furniture" and "Installations", accelerated depreciation is accounted for within the limits allowed by the fiscal laws in force.

The costs incurred for the restructuring, now complete, of the "ex silos" area of the property in Milan have been depreciated and are stated within the category "Buildings", as has been the cost of the premises in Rome, purchased for use as offices and now in use.

#### 6. Prepayments, accruals and deferrals

Prepayments, accruals and deferrals represent time-based apportionments of income and expenditure items that relate to more than one accounting period; where technically appropriate and feasible, they have been directly deducted from or added to the values of the corresponding items.

The related values have been agreed with the Board of statutory auditors.

#### 7. Payables

Payables are stated at nominal value.

In particular, payables to assignors for factoring transactions are stated net of payments of proceeds from the assigned receivables.

Payables denominated in foreign currency are valued at the exchange rates ruling on 31 December 2003.

Exchange differences have been taken entirely to the income statement of the period.

#### 8. Staff leaving indemnity (Trattamento di fine rapporto)

This reflects the liability to all employees computed in compliance with article 2120 of the Civil Code and Law No. 297 of 29 May 1982.

#### 9. Provision for risks and charges

This heading relates to provisions posted exclusively for specific liabilities that are certain or probable; the balances do not exceed the estimated values of the related charges.

#### 10. Provision for general financial risks

This provision covers the financial risks specific to the corporate business.

The balance of accruals to and releases from the provision is reported on a specific line in the income statement.

#### 11. Recognition of revenue and costs

Income and expense relating to interest and similar items are accounted for on an accrual basis.

Income from commissions relating to the assignment of receivables is accounted for at the time of the transaction, if one-off, or in the period to which it relates, if received at regular intervals.

#### 12. Dividends

Dividends distributed by investees are accounted for as received.

#### 13. Exchange differences

We point out that a factoring transaction is executed by the assignment of the receivable, which gives rise, at the same time, to an account payable and an account receivable of the same amount, which in turn originate exchange gains and losses of the same amount.

The same occurs with advances in foreign currency paid against assigned receivables because, as a rule, an advance in foreign currency corresponds to a purchase of the same currency.

Exchange gains or losses, of very small value, are therefore limited to differences occurring between the billing date of commissions denominated in foreign currency and the balance sheet date.

#### 14. Deferred taxes

In relation to the *Provvedimento* issued by the Governor of Banca d'Italia on 3 August 1999, published on the Official Journal of the Italian Republic, issue 188 of 12 August 1999, the principle relating to the accounting treatment of deferred taxes is applied.

Deferred tax assets originate mostly from deductible temporary differences and represent taxes paid in advance as a result of the deferral, in deductibility, of costs recorded in the income statement which will be recovered in future periods when the related revenues are taxed

Deferred tax assets are stated if a reasonable certainty exists that they will be recovered, to be assessed with reference to estimated future earnings.

In application of the accounting principle that requires the recognition of deferred taxes we have adopted the following treatment for deferred tax assets, with the following limitations:

- Existence of taxable income in future years over a time horizon that takes into account the existence of corresponding business plans;
- Recognition of deferred tax assets originating solely from costs already recorded in the income statement whose future deductibility is reasonably guaranteed by the existence of taxable income.

The recognition of deferred tax assets generates extraordinary income that is allocated to the extraordinary reserves which, in turn, for reason of prudence, become unavailable for a corresponding amount.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

The company has one controlling interest, in Compagnia Telematica S.r.l.

Because the balance sheet and income statement of the subsidiary show immaterial amounts relative to values reported in the holding company's financial statements, in accordance with article 29, item 1, point a), of Legislative Decree No. 87 of 27 January 1992 we do not consider it necessary to draw up consolidated financial statements.

However, these financial statements provide the main information on the operations of the subsidiary, whose balance sheet and income statement are attached hereto.

#### **Section B – Balance sheet**

#### 1. Assets

#### Line 10 – Cash and bank

The balance totalled Euro 50,081 as at 31 December 2003, versus Euro 281,854 as at 31 December 2002.

It includes Euro 39,626 in credit balances on postal accounts and Euro 10,455 in cash and stamps.

#### Line 20 - Receivables from credit institutions

Receivables from credit institutions totalled Euro 24,592,327 as at 31 December 2003, versus Euro 41,591,277 as at 31 December 2002.

For an amount of Euro 10,823,655 they include occasional and temporary cash holdings at credit institutions which originated substantial receipts at year end.

The remaining Euro 13,768,672 includes: Euro 10,582,588 in receivables acquired in factoring transactions; Euro 460,948 in amounts advanced to assignors on behalf of credit institutions in the context of pool-managed factoring transactions; Euro 257,418 in receivables assigned in the past by S.G.C. S.p.A. Società Gestione Crediti in the framework of the sale of the equity interest in that entity; the remaining Euro 2,467,718 relates to the estimated recoverable amount of the receivables assigned by S.G.C. S.p.A. Società Gestioni Crediti, representing the value of commissions earned under a specific agreement to manage mortgage loans in litigation, entered into by the above-mentioned entity with a credit institution operating in this market segment.

The latter amount takes into account prudent adjustments of Euro 1,194,227, determined in light to the estimated amount and time of receipt.

In the course of 2003 the net nominal value of these assigned receivables reduced from Euro 4,314,024 to Euro 3,661,945 as a result of receipts of Euro 652,079.

Moreover, items due at the balance sheet date and still unpaid amounted to Euro 511 thousand

As specified in preceding financial statements, another agreement exists whereby, in light of the different business purpose of the debtor, the related estimated recoverable amount has been recorded on line 40 "Receivables from clients".

Receivables from credit institutions may be analysed by date due as follows:

Due date	Gross value	Direct adjustment	Net book value
Short-term receivables			
within 3 months	6,219,181	-	6,219,181
between 3 months and 1 year	1,531,956	-	1,531,956
between 1 and 5 years	-	-	-
beyond 5 years	-	-	-
indeterminate (*)	7,211,762	1,194,227	6,017,535
Total	14,962,899	1,194,227	13,768,672

(\*) This category therefore includes the remaining receivables assigned by S.G.C. S.p.A. Società Gestione Crediti and relating to the first agreement mentioned above; the amount of Euro 2,831,451 relating to overdue receivables, assigned in the context of factoring transactions; Euro 257,418 relating to receivables assigned in the past by S.G.C. S.p.A. Società Gestione Crediti in the framework of the sale of the equity interest; and Euro 460,948 representing the balance of advances paid to assignors on behalf of credit institutions in the context of pool-managed factoring transactions.

As concerns receivables relating to the mortgage loan agreement, in light of the work performed, based on the known status of the mortgages and the time reasonably necessary to settle the accounts, we have drawn up a new rough estimate – subject, as such, to possible write-down in future periods in relation to developments in the individual accounts – of receipts from the aforementioned agreement, which at present can be detailed as follows:

•	year 2004	Euro	587	thousand
•	years 2005/2006	Euro	798	thousand
•	years 2007/2008	Euro	689	thousand
•	years 2009/2010	Euro	268	thousand
•	beyond 2010	Euro	813	thousand
•	Total	Euro	3,155	thousand

It should be noted that the value relating to year 2004 includes items in payment for an amount of Euro 4 thousand.

The amount of Euro 257,418 relates to the assignment of receivables for a total of Euro 2,646 thousand, executed in 2001 with S.G.C. S.p.A. Società Gestione Crediti in the framework of the sale of the equity interest in this entity.

The remaining balances of the other receivables relating to that sale have been recorded, in the accounts acquired without recourse, on Lines 30 "Receivables from finance companies" and 40 "Receivables from clients" depending on the business purpose of the counterparty.

Line 30 - Receivables from finance companies

Receivables from finance companies amounted to Euro 3,677,990 as at 31 December 2003, versus Euro 13,020,756 as at 31 December 2002 and comprise Euro 3,629,158 in receivables from assigned debtors; Euro 15,367 in receivables for services rendered, whereof Euro 14,767 from the investee Aosta Factor S.p.A. and Euro 600 from the investee Fin-eco Factoring Spa; Euro 33,465 in amounts advanced to assignors on behalf of Aosta Factor S.p.A. in the context of a pool-managed factoring transaction, where Factorit acts as lead manager; and Euro 159,080 in receivables, entirely provided for, assigned by S.G.C. S.p.A. Società Gestione Crediti, as specified in the comment to Line 20 "Receivables from credit institutions".

They may be analysed by date due as follows:

Due date	Gross value	Direct write-down	Net book value
Short-term receivables			
within 3 months	2,912,195	-	2,912,195
between 3 months and 1 year	389,052	-	389,052
between 1 and 5 years	1,368	-	1,368
beyond 5 years	-	-	-
indeterminate (*)	534,455	159,080	375,375
Total	3,837,070	159,080	3,677,990

#### Line 40 - Receivables from clients

Receivables from clients totalled Euro 2,895,682,588 as at 31 December 2003, versus Euro 3,048,939,010 as at 31 December 2002, as detailed below:

Description		Nominal or	Value	Net book value
		purchase	adjustments	
		amount		
Short-term receivables from assigned debtors		2,814,407,873	21,426,702	2,792,981,171
Advances exceeding assigned receivables		10,783,680	-	10,783,680
Invoices and credit notes to be issued on				
advances exceeding the value of assigned				
receivables		140,125		140,125
Other advances, including:		53,425,025	-	53,425,025
- Advances against future assignments of				
receivables	43,800,731			
- Other loans	8,732,230			
- Advances against receivables reported to the				
Bank of Italy	27,131			
- Advances against receivables not yet formally				
assigned	864,933			
In voices and credit notes to be issued on other				
advances		58,950	-	58,950
Receivables for commissions to be collected		4,941,416	991,269	3,950,147
Receivables with delayed payment		1,157,680	241,807	915,873
Receivables acquired without recourse		7,558,817	2,445,780	5,113,037
Receivables from assigned debtors for watchlist				
accounts		1,674,350	665,869	1,008,481

Receivables from non-performing debtors for assigned receivables	2,202,853	1,721,517	481,336
Receivables from non-performing debtors for	20.025	20.025	
commissions	30,927	30,927	-
Receivables from non-performing assignors	37,067,673	10,548,822	26,518,851
Credit notes to be issued on non-performing			
assignors	-29,388	-	-29,388
Receivables from debtors for late payment			
interest	1,439,015	1,439,015	-
Receivables from assignors for late payment			
interest	704,310	704,310	-
Receivables from non-performing debtors for			
late payment interest	60,206	60,206	-
Receivables from non-performing assignors for			
late payment interest	2,503,126	2,503,126	-
Receivables to be collected acquired at other			
than nominal value	335,300	-	335,300
Total	2,938,461,938	42,779,350	2,895,682,588

All receivables are stated at nominal value or purchase cost, adjusted to estimated realisable value by a write-down.

This is determined using the following method:

- On an item-by-item basis for all non-performing or unpaid accounts where a loss is expected;
- On a lump-sum basis for uniform categories of receivables, classified under the caption indeterminate due date, from debtors, reclassified in groups by type of product, for which historical data over a period of five years show an unfavourable trend. The shorter time horizon considered in establishing the historical data, relative to the longer period previously used of 10 years, was introduced because it was considered more appropriate to compute the value of the write-down.

It is held besides more correct for the determination of the quota lump sum related to the "without recourse" to consider, as factor of calculation, the part not yet object of payment anticipated of the correspondent one of the guaranteed credits, as it results to the Voice 20 "Appointments", rather than their nominal value.

The new criterion is also motivated by the fact that the quota object of payment anticipated of the correspondent one it is already considered as element of calculation in the determination of the quota lump sum related to the effected anticipations.

It is besides unchanged the criterion of survey of the other factor gotten on the base of the arithmetic average of the last five years of the relationships percentages, divided for homogeneous category of product, among the losses defined of the exercise and the respective amounts, to end year, of the credits surrendered guaranteed for the "without recourse" and of the anticipations for the "with recourse".

Lump-sum write-downs were posted for the uniform categories of receivables referred to in article 20, items 5) and 7), of Legislative Decree No. 87 of 27 January 1992, for a total of Euro 10,598,848.

We herewith underline that, if the new calculation methodology had been also adopted in the previous exercises, the bad and doubtful debt fund lump sum as of 31 December 2001 and 2002 would have been inferior respectively to 1.623 thousand Euro and to 4.702 thousand Euro.

The profit of the 2002 and 2003exercises, tax effect deducted, would have been respectively superior to 1.913 thousand Euro and inferior to 2.950 thousand Euro, while equity as of 31December 2001 and 2002, tax effect deducted, would have been respectively superior to 1.018 thousand Euro and to 2.950 thousand Euro.

We further point out that lump sum allowance for bad debts of the exercise has been to a large extent balanced by provisions for liabilities Voice 90 "Bad and Doubtful Debt Fund" of a gross amount of 2.500 thousand Euro, corresponding to a tax-effect-deducted value of 1.569 thousand Euro.

As at 31 December 2003 lawsuits had been instituted seeking the revocation of certain transactions with now bankrupt firms, for which, based on the known status of the legal proceedings, the opinions of legal counsels and the documentary evidence submitted to support our case, we estimate a potential risk of about Euro 2,800 thousand. Receivables for late payment interest, totalling Euro 5,673,497, have been written off entirely.

The total balance on Line 40 is analysed by date due as follows:

Due date	Gross value	Direct write-down	Net book value
Short-term receivables:			
within 3 months	1,559,545,626	-	1,559,545,626
between 3 months and 1 year	236,811,419	-	236,811,419
between 1 and 5 years	63,362,371	-	63,362,371
beyond 5 years	913,850	-	913,850
indeterminate (*)	1,077,828,672	42,779,350	1,035,049,322
Total	2,938,461,938	42,779,350	2,895,682,588

Amounts classified under the caption indeterminate due date include, inter alia, advances exceeding the value of assigned receivables, advances against receivables where the assignment has not yet been formally executed and against future receivables and/or contracts.

Accounts acquired without recourse include the estimated realisable value of assigned receivables, representing the value of commissions earned from the second agreement referred to above in the comments to Line 20 "Receivables from credit institutions".

The nominal value of those receivables decreased in the course of 2003 as a result of receipts of Euro 718,835, from Euro 7,417,954 to Euro 6,699,119, which value was prudently written down, also in relation to the estimated timing of the cashflows, by Euro 1,619,609.

As concerns receivables relating to the aforementioned agreement, in light of the work performed, based on the known status of the mortgages and the time reasonably necessary to settle the accounts, we have drawn up a new rough estimate – subject, as such, to possible write-down in future periods in relation to developments in the individual accounts – of receipts from the aforementioned agreement, which at present can be detailed as follows:

•	Year 2004	Euro	2,325	thousand
•	Year 2005	Euro	2,954	thousand
•	Year 2006	Euro	1,053	thousand
•	Beyond 2006	Euro	367	thousand
•	Total	Euro	6,699	thousand.

The value relating to year 2004 includes items in payment for an amount of Euro 818 thousand.

Finally, it should be noted that as at 31 December 2003 credit notes against receivables where the assignment has not yet been formally executed amounted to Euro 1,002,593.

#### Non-performing receivables

Non-performing receivables, suitably written down, amounted to Euro 26,970,799 as at 31 December 2003.

They are written down to estimated realisable value by a direct adjustment to the nominal value, as follows:

Description	Gross value	Direct write-down	Net book value	
Non-performing, with recourse				
Domestic market	33,558,038	10,443,072	23,114,966	
Non-performing, with recourse				
Export market	3,480,247	105,750	3,374,497	
Non-performing, without recourse,	2,233,780	1,752,444	481,336	
whereof:				
<ul> <li>Domestic market</li> </ul>	2,018,223	1,579,338	438,885	
Import market	215,053	172,602	42,451	
<ul> <li>Export market</li> </ul>	504	504	1	
Total	39,272,065	12,301,266	26,970,799	

The gross value of non-performing receivables with recourse represents the amount advanced to the assignors, whereas the amount receivable from the assigned debtors as at 31 December 2003 amounted to Euro 92,582,058.

At the balance sheet date, provisions for risks relating to receivables and late payment interest were as follows:

Description	Write-downs of	Taxed write-	Write-downs of	Total
	receivables as per art. 71	downs of	late payment	
	of D.P.R. No.917	receivables	interest	
Balance as at 31 Dec. 2002	46,172,899	14,735,721	7,128,386	68,037,006
Utilisation	35,720,272	-	4,029,892	39,750,164
Increases	17,200,000	10,646,254	2,575,003	30,421,257
Write-downs of receivables				
as at 31 Dec. 2003	27,652,627	25,381,975	5,673,497	58,708,099

#### Line 50 – Bonds and other fixed-income securities

Securities held as at 31 December 2003, all not listed, have been classified, as in the past, within fixed assets because they relate to long-term investments.

The balance as at 31 December 2003 amounted to Euro 1,161,204, versus Euro 1,233,490 as at December 31, 2002.

#### It is detailed as follows:

Securities	Number of bonds	Nominal value	Total nominal value
Italfondiario (currently Centrobanca)			
series A06 - 3.25%			
01.011999/01.01.2013			562,362
BPN – Divisione Credito Fondiario e			
delle OO.PP.			
3.25% 2000/2009			82,385
Total securities issued by credit			
institutions			644,747
Subordinated convertible debenture			
loan issued by Aosta Factor S.p.A.			
variable interest rate (Euribor at 6			
months + 0.35% div. 360; coupon			
2.495%) 01.10.1999/01.10.2006	10	51,645	516,457
Total securities issued by finance			
companies			516,457
Total Securities			1,161,204

#### Changes during the period were as follows:

Beginning balance	1,233,490
Purchases	-
Repayments	72,286
Ending balance	1,161,204

#### Line 70 - Equity interests

Equity interests in companies other than subsidiaries amounted to Euro 1,261,845 as at 31 December 2003, versus Euro 1,715,233 as at 31 December 2002.

The balance reflects an impairment write-down, equal to Euro 458,862, of the interest in Fin-eco Factoring S.p.A., which became necessary as a result of the loss reported by this entity for the year ended 31 December 2003.

This naturally resulted in a reduction of the equity of the investee and a related impairment of Factorit's equity interest, which was later sold in the course of 2004 for a consideration, already received, of Euro 290 thousand, corresponding to the net book value.

Equity interests are analysed by business purpose of the investee as follows:

Equity interests	Percentage owned	Shares number	Value per share Euro	Total net carrying value Euro
In credit institutions:				
Banca per il leasing - Italease S.p.A. Istituto Centrale delle Banche Popolari	n.s.	5,305	5.16	26,471
Italiane S.p.A.	n.s.	1,000	3.00	258
Total Equity interests in credit institutions				26,729
In finance companies:				
Aosta Factor S.p.A.	10%	2,000	517.00	929,622
Fin-Eco Factoring S.p.A.	10%	115,000	5.16	290,000
Total Equity interests in finance companies				1,219,622
In other companies				
Euros Consulting S.p.A.	n.s.	27,678	0.52	15,494
Total Equity interests in other companies				15,494
Total Equity interests				1,261,845

We point out that in the course of 2003 Factorit subscribed a capital increase in Banca per il leasing - Italease S.p.A. for 1,061 shares, for which it paid Euro 5,475.

The interest in Casacavallo, which had been entirely written off in the past, was sold in the course of 2003; the sale generated a gain for an immaterial amount.

#### Line 80 - Equity interests in Group companies

The only controlling interest, in Compagnia Telematica s.r.l., was carried at Euro 51,646 as at 31 December 2003.

Herebelow we provide information on this entity:

Legal name	Year end	Equity	Profit for the period	Carrying value	Percentage owned	Difference
Compagnia Telematica S.r.l.	31 Dec. 2003	145,054	72,102	51,646	100%	165,510

#### Line 90 - Intangible assets

Intangible assets amounted to Euro 1,504,160 as at 31 December 2003, a decrease of Euro 266,344 on Euro 1,770,504 as at 31 December 2002. Changes during the period were as follows:

Description	Beginning balance	Additions	Amortisation	Ending balance
Software costs	99,796	22,677	50,349	72,124
Goodwill	1,670,708	-	238,672	1,432,036
Total	1,770,504	22,677	289,021	1,504,160

The amount of Euro 1,504,160 includes the remaining value still to be amortised, equal to Euro 1,432,036, of goodwill relating to In Factor S.p.A.

At the balance sheet date value adjustments totalled Euro 1,134,309, subdivided as follows: software costs Euro 179,619 and goodwill Euro 954,690.

#### Line 100 - Tangible assets

Tangible assets amounted to Euro 8,971,536 as at 31 December 2003, versus Euro 8,467,604 as at 31 December 2002.

Changes during the period were as follows:

Asset category	Beginning balance	Additions	Disposals, retirements and other decreases	Depreciation allowance	Ending balance
			of the period		
Fixtures	101,614	35,679	-	37,476	99,817
Furniture and fittings	95,054	138,854	-	52,439	181,469
EDP	516,172	266,625	19	420,252	362,526
Office machines	33,067	12,114	-	24,754	20,427
Machinery and equipment	14,555		-	10,179	4,376
Telephone installations	27,991	14,609	-	30,036	12,564
Electrical installations	91,101	-	-	26,169	64,932
Elevators	23,388	-	-	7,017	16,371
Air conditioning	14,629	4,822	-	6,803	12,648
Alarm systems	2,332	16,004	-	6,953	11,383
Special internal installations	3,043	1,290	-	3,366	967
Vehicles	113,554	135,951	1,095	112,872	135,538
Buildings	5,494,850	2,745,552	-	195,352	8,045,050
Buildings under construction	1,936,254	677,181	2,609,967	-	3,468

## "Notes to the financial statements as at 31 December 2003" continued

Business operating assets of unit value higher than					
Euro 516		158		158	-
General total	8,467,604	4,048,839	2,611,081	933,826	8,971,536

At the balance sheet date value adjustments totalled Euro 7,573,103, detailed as follows: Euro 634,291 posted to fixtures, Euro 1,011,893 to furniture and fittings, Euro 3,043,717 to EDP, Euro 195,777 to office machines, Euro 104,018 to machinery and equipment, Euro 331,691 to telephone installations, Euro 38,203 to alarm systems, Euro 72,219 to special internal installations, Euro 413,963 to vehicles, Euro 278,536 to electrical installations, Euro 77,182 to elevators, Euro 348,223 to air conditioning systems, Euro 5,427 to business operating assets of unit value lower than Euro 516, and Euro 1,017,963 to buildings.

In the course of 2003 the restructuring was completed of the "ex-silos" area located within the property complex in Milan that is partly owned by Factorit.

Part of the premises in Rome, purchased in 2002, became ready and were put into use as offices.

#### Fixed-income securities and receivables subject to subordination clause

As at 31 December 2003 the only item subject to subordination clause was the convertible debenture loan issued by Aosta Factor S.p.A., specified on Line 50 "Debentures and other fixed-income securities".

#### Line 130 – Other assets

The balance amounted to Euro 16,140,812 as at 31 December 2003, versus Euro 9,890,817 as at 31 December 2002.

It is detailed as follows:

Description	Amount	
Treasury for taxes	13,204,091	
Correspondents for commissions to be charged	205,718	
Bills in collection	2,623,173	
Receivables for goods and services	1,092	
Receivables for advance payments of stamping machines	7,579	
Guarantee deposits	27,373	
Advances to suppliers	55,692	
Other amounts to be credited and other items	16,094	
Total	16,140,812	

The line "Bills in collection" relates to assigned receivables to be collected by means of *Ricevute Bancarie* and other bills receivable where the amount has already been paid to the assignor under usual reserve but the related bank receipt has not yet been received from the bank.

The line "Treasury for taxes" includes the remaining balance of Euro 7,010,660 of deferred tax assets; this value originates from the movements reported below:

Description	IRPEG (corporation tax)	IRAP (trade income tax)
Balance as at 31 December 2002	3,344,796	418,100
Increases	3,641,873	469,029
Decreases	775,883	87,255
Balance as at 31 December 2003	6,210,786	799,874

Deferred tax assets have been computed at the rates in force for IRPEG and IRAP, considering changes already known to be introduced in future, as follows:

Year	IRPEG rate	IRAP rate
2004 and subsequent years	33%	4.25%

Deferred tax assets are analysed by year of reversal for IRPEG and IRAP purposes as follows:

Year	IRPEG	IRAP
2004	1,051,582	135,431
2005	867,488	111,722
2006	768,653	98,993
2007	671,199	86,442
2008	639,046	82,301
2009	639,046	82,301
2010	639,046	82,301
2011	544363	70,110
2012	390,363	50,273
Total	6,210,786	799,874

The increase in deferred tax assets during the period generated extraordinary income that was allocated to the extraordinary reserve, which became unavailable for a total amount of Euro 7,010,660.

The recently introduced change in the IRPEG tax rate entailed the recalculation of deferred tax assets of prior periods, which gave a difference of Euro 77,846 that was recorded within "Extraordinary expenses" in the income statement.

#### Line 140 – Accrued income and prepayments

Accrued income amounted to Euro 24,212 as at 31 December 2003 (27,939 as at 31 December 2002). It relates entirely to interest accruing on bonds.

Prepayments amounted to Euro 1,418,624 as at 31 December 2003 (1,797,709 as at 31 December 2002) and are detailed as follows:

Description	Amount
Costs of commercial intelligence	425,933
Insurance	368,979
Canteen replacement service, termination incentives, bursaries and similar	20,065
Travel, fuel and car operation expenses, car hire	8,548
Telephone expenses, financial information, stationery and consumables,	
newspapers and magazines, association dues, road taxes	23,746
Advertising and promotion	4,666
Commissions relating to the issuance of the debenture loan	127,250
Commissions for arranging the pool	193,278
Commissions on guarantees received	14,784
Property leases, rents and shared expenses	107,993
Software, EDP operation and maintenance fees, maintenance of machinery	
and equipment, data transmission	58,188
Interest and commissions on credit policies	65,194
Total	1,418,624

#### 2. Liabilities

#### Line 10 - Payables to credit institutions

The balance amounted to Euro 1,669,478,328 as at 31 December 2003 (1,742,180,707 al 31 December 2002).

It may be analysed as follows:

Description	Amount
Current account overdrafts	57,975,853
Factoring payables	123,113
Advances under usual reserve against <i>Ricevute</i>	315,365,062
Bancarie or RID (pre-authorised payments)	
Advances against invoices	26,700,000
Advances in foreign currencies	6,572,452
Hot money	847,551,000
Advances for pool-managed transactions	370,000,000
Other short-term borrowings	45,023,000
Loans received as lead manager for advances	167,848
disbursed for per pool-managed transactions with	
credit institutions (**)	
Total	1,669,478,328

(\*\*) The corresponding entry to part of this amount is advances to assignors on "Line 20" within assets.

It should also be noted that hot money includes a loan of Euro 20,000,000 at a fixed Euro rate, for which the lender obtained dollars for a corresponding amount, with a forward contract to hedge the exchange rate risk.

Payables to credit institutions are analysed by date due as follows:

Due date	Amount
at sight	58,098,966
within 3 months	969,011,824
between 3 months and 1 year	120,435,690
between 1 and 5 years	176,700,000
beyond 5 years	-
indeterminate (*)	345,231,848
Total	1,669,478,328

Payables classified under the caption "indeterminate due date" comprise Euro 345,064,000 in borrowings obtained subject to revocation to be repaid on 48 hours' notice and Euro 167,848 in funds received from credit institutions for advances paid in the context of a pool-managed transaction.

Advances in foreign currency are broken down as follows:

#### • Currencies not belonging to the European Monetary Union

Currency	Value	Exchange rate	Euro
Pound sterling	96,388	0,7048	136,760
Swiss frank	2,080,000	1,5579	1,335,131
US dollar	6,442,009	1,2630	5,100,561
Total			6,572,452

It should be noted that, as a result of contractual agreements, any exchange risks occurring in the context of the factoring transactions are borne by the client counterparty.

#### Line 20 - Payables to finance companies

The balance was equal to Euro 155,456 as at 31 December 2003 and relates entirely to a temporary debt to the investee Fin-Eco Factoring S.p.A. in the context of a pool-managed factoring transaction.

#### Line 30 - Payables to clients

The balance was equal to Euro 1,139,338,014 as at 31 December 2003, versus Euro 1,127,533,850 as at 31 December 2002.

The balance includes Euro 4,194,842 in payables at sight for credit positions of assignors and Euro 1,135,143,172 relating to the difference between the value of receivables acquired

but not yet cashed and amounts paid in advance against the assigned receivables / by way of corrispettivo.

Because the latter aggregate has due dates that are not comparable to one another, it has been classified as having an "indeterminate" due date.

#### Line 40 – Secured payables

The balance was equal to Euro 18,967,345 as at 31 December 2003 and includes borrowings obtained by issuing commercial credit policies, all falling due within 3 months.

Due date	Amount
within 3 months	12,900,000
between 3 months and 1 year	6,067,345
Total	18,967,345

#### *Line 50 – Other payables*

the balance amounted to Euro 41,034,853 as at 31 December 2003 (Euro 56,650,843 al 31 December 2002) and may be analysed as follows:

Description	Amount
Treasury for taxes and tax withholdings	430,204
Welfare and social security contributions	588,428
Employees for salaries and refunds of travel expenses	259,595
Suppliers of goods and/or services	1,562,860
Invoices to be received	1,410,998
Banks for commissions	3,080,895
Foreign correspondents for commissions payable	38,444
Amounts cashed but not yet allocated to the relevant F/S items	22,358,557
Bills withdrawn and not yet debited	102,390
Bills being credited	5,395,201
Amounts payable to third parties	4,780,105
Sundry payables	23,065
Suspense account – debtor accounts to be identified	1,004,111
Total	41,034,853

Finally, we point out that of payables to suppliers, Euro 534,911 falls due between 3 months and one year while the balance falls due within 3 months.

#### Line 60 – Accrued liabilities and deferred income

Accrued liabilities amounted to Euro 1,798,878 as at 31 December 2003, versus Euro 2,505,501 as at 31 December 2002. The balance relates mainly to the portion attributable to the period of interest accruing on borrowings and on the subordinated loan.

Deferred income amounted to Euro 1,982,004 as at 31 December 2003, versus Euro 1,039,240 as at 31 December 2002. The balance relates to commissions billed in advance but attributable to the following period.

#### Line 70 - Staff leaving indemnity ("Trattamento di fine rapporto di lavoro subordinato")

The staff leaving indemnity amounted to Euro 3,762,164 as at 31 December 2003 (3,584,606 al 31 December 2002).

Changes include increases for accruals and revaluations of Euro 536,391 and utilisations and advances for an amount of Euro 358,833.

The balance as at 31 December 2003 covers amounts accruing to employees at the balance sheet date.

#### Line 80 – Provision for risks and charges

#### Provision for taxes:

The balance, equal to Euro 7,437,659, relates to the accrual for IRPEG, corporation tax, and IRAP, trade income tax, for the period.

It should be noted that at 31 December 2003 receivables from the Treasury include an amount of Euro 5,765,210 (Euro 4,279,736 for IRPEG and Euro 1,485,474 for IRAP), which relates both to residual amounts and to advance payment of taxes.

Also, tax withholdings totalled Euro 43,749.

Advances for the staff leaving indemnity (TFR) amounted to Euro 118,626 as at 31 December 2003, after revaluation for an amount of Euro 3,679 and utilisation for an amount of Euro 49,889.

Finally, the tax credit on dividends amounted to Euro 192,318 as at 31 December 2003.

#### Line 90 - Provision for doubtful debts

As at 31 December 2003 the provision amounted to Euro 14,575,442. It is not a value adjustment but covers risks on receivables that are only possible.

#### Line 100 – Provision for general financial risks

The balance as at 31 December 2003, equal to Euro 3,150,387, was unchanged from 31 December 2002.

#### Line 120 – Share capital

Share capital, equal to Euro 37,500,000, is made up of 37,500,000 ordinary shares of Euro 1 each and did not change during the year.

#### *Line 130 – Share premium reserve*

The reserve, equal to Euro 2,410,060 as at 31 December 2003, was unchanged from 31 December 2002.

#### Line 140 - Reserves

Reserves totalled Euro 9,515,712 as at 31 December 2003 and include the legal reserve of Euro 2,972,168, the extraordinary reserve of Euro 6,469,463 and a reserve from merger surplus of Euro 74,081 originating from the book difference between the merger deficit and the purchase cost of the equity interest in Tortona Servizi Integrati S.r.l.

It should be noted that the latter reserve is unavailable for distribution.

The increase on the 31 December 2002 balance of Euro 6,067,455 was equal to Euro 3,448,257 and relates to the portion of profit for 2002 that was allocated to reserves.

#### Receivables from and payables to investees

Receivables from investees – *credit institutions* – amounted to Euro 1,531,956 as at 31 December 2003 and may be analysed as follows:

#### Banca per il leasing - Italease S.p.A.

• Receivables assigned in the context of factoring transactions Euro 1,531,956.

Receivables from investees – *finance companies* – amounted to Euro 48,832 as at 31 December 2003 and may be analysed as follows:

#### Aosta Factor S.p.A.

•	Advances for pool-managed transactions	Euro	33,465
•	Receivables for services rendered	Euro	14,767

#### Fin-Eco Factoring S.p.A.

• Receivables for services rendered Euro 600

Payables to investees – *credit institutions* – are detailed as follows:

#### Istituto Centrale delle Banche Popolari Italiane S.p.A.

• Debit balance on ordinary current accounts Euro 13,327,713

#### Payables to investees – finance companies – include the following transactions:

#### Fin-eco Factoring S.p.A.

• Payables for pool managed transactions

Euro 155,456

Payables to investees – *clients* – include the following transactions:

#### Compagnia Telematica S.r.l.

•	Assignments of receivables	Euro	3,302
•	Payables at sight	Euro	121,155

The line "Other payables" includes payables top investees for an amount of Euro 90,975, detailed as follows:

#### Aosta Factor S.p.A.

<ul> <li>Invoices to be received</li> </ul>	Euro	22,035
---	------	--------

#### Fin-Eco Factoring S.p.A.

•	Supplies of goods and services	Euro	42,064
•	Invoices to be received	Euro	26,876

Guarantees and commitments to investees - finance companies - amounted to Euro 1,500,000 as at 31 December 2003 and may be detailed as follows:

#### Aosta Factor S.p.A.

•	Credit lines approved as at 31 December 2003	Euro	1,500,000
•	Credit lines drawn down as at 31 December 2003	Euro	271,908

#### Receivables and payables denominated in non-EMU currencies

#### Receivables from debtors assigned under factoring transactions

Currency	Value	Exchange rate	Euro
Canadian dollar	505,241	1,6234	311,224
Pound sterling	1,184,677	0,7048	1,680,870
US dollar	11,097,864	1,2630	8,786,907
Yen	21,717,054	135,05000	160,808
Total		·	10,939,809

#### Receivables from assignors for advances against future receivables

Currency	Value	Exchange rate	Euro
US dollar	94,158	1,2630	74,551
Swiss frank	2,095,881	1,5579	1,345,324
Total			1,419,875

#### Receivables from clients under factoring transactions

Currency	Value	Exchange rate	Euro
US dollar	897	1,2630	710
Swiss frank	681	1,5579	437
			1,147

The balance relates to invoices of the period issued in Swiss franks and not yet cashed.

#### Payables to clients under factoring transactions

Currency	Value	Exchange rate	Euro
Canadian dollar	505,241	1,6234	311,224
US dollar	4,722,248	1,2630	3,738,913
Yen	21,717,054	135,0500	160,808
Pound sterling	1,088,289	0,7048	1,544,110
Total			5,755,055

#### Guarantees and commitments

#### 20 – Commitments

The balance as at 31 December 2003 was Euro 397,436,867.

It comprises Euro 390,315,494 relating to the difference between the amount of receivables assigned and approved of Euro 1,314,709,848 and the amount of Euro 924,394,354 already paid by way of advances against those receivables; Euro 4,205,713 relating to the difference between the amount of receivables reported and approved of Euro 4,580,763 and the amount of Euro 375,050 already paid by way of advances against those receivables;

Euro 2,770,881 relating to commitments for the remaining lease payments to be made for the lease with BPB Leasing S.p.A. for the non-proprietary portion of the property where Factorit currently has its offices; and Euro 144,779 relating to commitments for car rentals. For your information, we also point out that as at 31 December 2003 credit lines approved against assigned receivables amounted to Euro 2,179,134,181 and credit lines approved against reported receivables amounted to Euro 17,817,400.

In compliance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") we note that the value of the portion of the property that is leased is Euro 5,500,266 and the remaining amount payable as at 31 December 2003 to redeem the property is Euro 3,829,621.

The recognition of the property within assets would have resulted in accumulated depreciation of Euro 1,485,072 and deferred taxes of Euro 71,910, with a net impact on net equity of Euro 113,664 and an income statement impact of Euro 28,708.

#### Derivative contracts:

With reference to the comments to Line 20 within Liabilities, the company has entered into a hedge for the exchange risk.

#### Guarantees received:

To complete the disclosures given on memorandum accounts, we state that the company received, to secure commitments or advances paid in the context of factoring transactions, sureties in favour of assignors for an amount of Euro 2,357,261,885 and in favour of assigned debtors for an amount of Euro 41,010,015, binding patronage letters for an amount of Euro 261,528,030, non binding patronage letters for an amount of Euro 28,000,000.

Furthermore, the company received guarantees relating to commercial credit policies for an amount of Euro 12,900,000, guarantees for lease premises for an amount of Euro 1,240, mortgages securing receivables from clients for an amount of Euro 4,366,968 and sureties of Euro 8,636 issued to secure work in progress for the renovation of part of the property where the company has its offices.

Finally, we note that a commitment exists for an amount of Euro 8,748,237 for a joint obligation originating as a result of a statement of novation not having released the debtor. More precisely, in the context of a commitment made by Parmalat S.p.A. to settle the liability to Factorit under a factoring transaction with the associated company Parma A.C. S.p.A., the latter counterparty has not been released by the above-mentioned deed.

#### Credit insurance:

Insurance policies are in force for the assigned receivables for a maximum sum insurable of Euro 17,123,230.

Own securities deposited with third parties, third party securities deposited with the company and third party securities deposited with third parties:

As at 31 December 2003, own securities deposited with third parties amounted to Euro 689,513.

Third party securities deposited with the company amounted to Euro 37,046,047. These relate to Factorit's shares which the shareholders deposited with the company's treasury. Finally, pledges on goods received as security and deposited with third parties exist for an estimated amount of about Euro 2,065,828, as per the related appraisal.

#### Receivables assumed during the period

#### 1. Turnover

In the course of 2003 Factorit assumed receivables for a total of Euro 10,839,806 thousand, broken down by market as follows:

•	Domestic transactions without recourse Domestic transactions with recourse <i>Total Domestic</i>	Euro Euro Euro	6,256,554 4,224,231 10,480,785	thousand thousand thousand
•	Export transactions without recourse Export transactions with recourse <i>Total Export</i>	Euro Euro <i>Euro</i>	204,209 34,008 238,217	thousand thousand thousand
•	Import transactions without recourse Import transactions with recourse <i>Total Import</i>	Euro Euro <i>Euro</i>	79,461 41,343 120,804	thousand thousand

#### 2. Advance payments to assignors as at 31 December 2003

At the balance sheet date advance payments relating to current positions made against assigned receivables totalled Euro 1,440,746,677, of which Euro 89,180,618 relating to the export market.

Also, Euro 248,833,679 had been credited in relation to selected accounts that had become due but were still unpaid as at 31 December 2003.

To the above should be added amounts relating to advances against future receivables for an amount of Euro 43,800,730, advances relating to positions exceeding assigned receivables for an amount of Euro 10,783,680, advances against receivables not yet formally assigned for an amount of Euro 864,933 and other loans of Euro 8,732,230.

Advance payments, inclusive of selected accounts having become due, made against receivables assigned with recourse totalled Euro 516,352,323; those relating to approved assigned receivables totalled Euro 924,394,354.

At the balance sheet date, in the context of pool-managed factoring transactions that provide for the assignment pro rata of receivables by the pooled clients, the company was responsible, based on mandates for cashing shares assigned to the pool members corresponding to Euro 338,958 at 31 December 2003.

#### **Section C – Income statement**

#### Costs

#### Line 10 - Interest and similar charges

Interest and similar charges for the year ended 31 December 2003 amounted to Euro 38,714,416, versus Euro 52,805,686 for FY 2002. In detail:

Description	Amount
Current account overdrafts	1,031,782
Current account overdrafts in foreign currency	205
Advances under usual reserve	5,067,060
Advances against invoices	393,795
Hot money	16,182,269
Export advances	58,990
Pool loans	10,121,368
Commercial credit policies	1,898,297
Other short-term borrowings	1,317,980
Medium-term loans	2,226,000
Debenture loans	406,813
Sundry interest	9,857
Total	38,714,416

The balance may be broken down by counterparty as follows:

Type of counterparty	Amount
Credit institutions	36,807,062
Finance companies	2,543
Clients	1,904,811
Total	38,714,416

Interest relating to credit policies may be broken down by counterparty as follows: Euro 2,543 to finance companies and Euro 1,895,754 to clients.

#### Line 20 - Commission expense

Commission expense for FY 2003 was equal to Euro 6,060,358, versus Euro 6,158,689 for FY 2002.

It may be analysed as follows:

Description	Amount
Commission payable on export factoring transactions	359,361
Commissions payable to credit institutions for factoring transactions	3,080,895
Commissions payable to finance companies for factoring transactions	81,886
Commissions payable to clients for factoring transactions	1,017,824

Commissions payable to finance companies for arranging pool loans	166,614
Commissions payable to credit institutions for arranging pool loans	202,524
Commissions payable to clients for commercial credit policies	60,967
Commissions payable to finance companies per commercial credit policies	132
Commissions on issuance of debenture loan	51,589
Commissions on guarantees received	216
Bank, postal and other charges and commissions	1,038,350
Total	6,060,358

The balance may be broken down by counterparty as follows: Euro 4,434,518 payable to banks, Euro 248,500 to finance companies, Euro 1,377,340 to clients.

#### Line 30 – Losses from financial operations

As specified in Section A - "Accounting policies", by nature factoring transactions do not give rise to any exchange differences, other than for very small amounts.

However, the negative balance of exchange gains and losses is stated among costs.

In detail, exchange losses totalled Euro 3,557,587 versus exchange gains of Euro 3,553,962.

Losses originate from the negative balance of exchanges relating to the value of commissions billed in foreign currency.

#### *Line 40 – Administrative expenses*

#### Personnel expenses:

Personnel expenses amounted to Euro 13,302,555, after the utilisation of the staff leaving indemnity provision, versus Euro 12,836,177 for FY 2002.

This item includes salaries of the year 2003 not yet paid.

#### Other administrative expenses:

Other administrative expenses totalled Euro 10,181,782, versus Euro 9,737,784 for FY 2002, and include:

Description	Amount
Rent and maintenance of EDP machines, software and line data transmission	587,554
Maintenance and repair of office machines, installations and equipment	159,159
Rent of offices and operating expenses	522,965
Lease payments	306,135
Other cost of personnel and outsourcing	1,042,759
Travel, hotel, fuel and car maintenance and repair	452,967
Freight forwarding and communication	985,405
Legal expenses	957,363
Notary expenses	182,894
Professional consulting and fees	399,448
Directors' and statutory auditors' emoluments	184,700
Other expenses and services	1,531,796
Printed matter, forms and stationery	229,047

Gifts	198,987
Rebates and discounts	4,507
Taxes and duties	2,436,096
Total	10,181,782

#### Line 50 – Value adjustments to intangible and tangible assets

Value adjustments to intangible and tangible assets totalled Euro 1,222,847, a lower amount compared to Euro 1,256,208 for FY 2002.

This amount is broken down as follows:

Intangible assets:	Euro	289,021
Tangible assets:		
Ordinary depreciation	Euro	618,759
Tax-driven accelerated depreciation	Euro	271,694
Accelerated depreciation	Euro	43,373
Sub-total	Euro	933,826
Total	Euro	1,222,847

#### Line 80 – Provision to the funds risks on credits

The voice results equal to Euro 2,500,000.

## Line 90 - Value adjustments to receivables and accruals for guarantees and commitments

Value adjustments to receivables and accruals for guarantees and commitments amounted to Euro 25,346,254.

During the year Factorit recognised losses on the principal portion of receivables for an amount of Euro 35,720,272, entirely covered by the release of provisions.

Losses on the principal portion of receivables relate to assignors for an amount of Euro 32,711,329.

#### Line 100 - Value adjustments to financial assets

Value adjustments to financial assets totalled Euro 458,862.

This amount relates to the impairment loss of the equity interest in Fin-eco factoring S.p.A., illustrated in the comments to Line 70 "Equity interests".

#### Line 110 – Extraordinary expenses

Extraordinary charges totalled Euro 908,656.

This amount includes extraordinary losses of Euro 898,469 and extraordinary interest charges of Euro 10,187.

Extraordinary losses include Euro 597,372 paid for the tax amnesty and Euro 77,846 relating to the reduction in value of deferred tax assets due to the change in the income tax rate.

#### Line 130 – Income taxes

Income taxes totalled Euro 4,112,049.

This includes:

Description	IRPEG	IRAP	Total
Income tax of the period	5,811,549	1,626,110	7,437,659
Increase in deferred tax assets	3,641,873	469,029	4,110,902
Adjustments to deferred tax	698,037	87,255	785,292
assets			
Total	2,867,713	1,244,336	4,112,049

#### Revenues

#### Line 10 – Interest and similar income

Interest and similar income of FY 2003 totalled Euro 67,504,362, versus Euro 80,033,062 for FY 2002.

It is detailed by counterparty as follows:

Description	Amount
Assignors for domestic operations	53,315,058
Assignors for export/import operations	1,158,133
Debtors for payment delays	5,706,624
Late payment interest	6,886,463
Treasury	4,220
Credit institutions	145,058
Postal administration and guarantee deposits	5,429
Other loans	247,129
Securities	36,248
Total	67,504,362

Late payment interest is shown net of the related accrual of Euro 2,575,003.

With regard to the business of the counterparty, the total may be broken down as follows: Euro 187,063 from finance companies, Euro 54,261,032 from clients.

#### Line 20 - Dividend and other income

Dividend and other income for FY 2003 was equal to Euro 533,717, versus Euro 204,583 for FY 2002: this line relates to dividends from equity interests gross of the related tax credit.

#### Line 30 - Commission income

Commission income for FY 202 was equal to Euro 33,535,705, versus Euro 30,746,817 for FY 2002.

Description	Amount
Domestic commissions	28,001,951
Export commissions	1,162,259
Import commissions	818,179
Commissions from debtors	232,784
Recharge of handling costs	2,300,786
Recharge of account opening costs	423,047
Recharge of account handling costs	596,699
Total	33,535,705

Domestic and export commissions are broken down by business of the counterparty as follows: Euro 33,738 from finance companies and Euro 29,130,472 from clients.

## Line 50 - Reversals of receivable write-downs and accruals for guarantees and commitments

This line totalled Euro 992,374 and includes reversals of receivable write-downs for an amount of Euro 106,571 and receipts of late payment interest of prior periods for an amount of Euro 885,803.

#### Line 70 – Other operating income

Other operating income of FY 2003 totalled Euro 3,514,936, versus Euro 3,096,111 for FY 2002, and is detailed as follows:

Description	Amount
Recharges of operating expense from assignors and clients	1,946,703
Recharges of operating expense from debtors	196,099
Gains on receipts relating to receivables acquired at other than nominal value	10,985
Revenue from services and webfactoring	58,097
Revenue from software user licence	100,000
Service fee	976,632
Revenue from customisations and consulting	160,548
Other income	42,834
Rebates received	23,038

Total	3,514,936
-------	-----------

#### Line 80 – Extraordinary income

Extraordinary income for FY 2003 totalled Euro 161,030, versus Euro 961,428 of FY 2002 and includes extraordinary income of Euro 72,768, bank interest income of Euro 45,854, insurance damages received of Euro 3,541, gains on disposals and equity interests of Euro 38,867.

Breakdown of interest income by geographical area:

Interest and similar income, from assignors and clients, may be broken down by geographical area as follows: northern Italy Euro 38,424,612, centre Italy Euro 10,857,336, southern Italy Euro 5,166,147, non residents Euro 272,225.

Breakdown of commission income by geographical area:

Commission income relating to domestic and export factoring transactions may be broken down by geographical area as follows: northern Italy Euro 20,676,454, centre Italy Euro 3,790,278, southern Italy Euro 4,697,478.

#### Section D – Additional disclosures

#### 1. Number of employees

As at 31 December 2003 the company had 211 employees.

The average number of staff during the period was 213, including: 4 messengers, 114 clerks, 31 middle-level managers, 59 executive managers (formerly officers) and 5 directors.

#### 2. Compensation of the statutory boards

The compensation paid to the members of the statutory boards was:

- Euro 134,000 to the members of the Board of directors;
- Euro 50,700 to the members of the Board of statutory auditors.

The cost on cash basis of the TPL insurance policy was Euro 39,853; the portion of the period was Euro 39,653.

Finally, we state that no guarantees were given in favour of the directors or statutory auditors.

#### 3. Transactions with related parties

Under this heading we illustrate transactions with the only subsidiary, as well as the most significant transactions with investees.

#### **Subsidiaries:**

#### Compagnia Telematica S.r.l.

This entity is 100% owned. Capital stock amounts to Euro 52,000.

Compagnia Telematica S.r.l. operates in the remote and network services business, and provides service also to the holding company.

The subsidiary closed the year 2003 with net profit of Euro 72,102 after revenues of Euro 484,932 and costs of Euro 412,830.

The non-interest bearing credit facility was not drawn down in the course of the year, but the entity has receivables for fees from the holding company for a total of Euro 121,155.

Development of software for data transmission through the web, moreover, continues to generate economic and competitive benefits.

#### **Investees:**

The most significant transactions with investees that operate in the factoring business are illustrated as follows:

#### Aosta Factor S.p.A.

As in the past, the entity took advantage of full service offered by the holding company. In relation to the subordinated loan, interest payable by Aosta Factor amounted to Euro 15,294.

As at 31 December 2003 the balance sheet shows receivables of Euro 14,767 from Aosta Factor for invoices issued for services rendered and/or commissions, in the circle of an operation of factoring managed in pool, for European 33.465.

For the management of receivables reported to the Bank of Italy and the risk connected with the granting of credit facilities, the holding company charged commissions of Euro 1,648.

Fees for the service agreement, expense recharges and pool management commissions amounted to Euro 562,432.

Invoices of Euro 44,056 were issued to Aosta Factor for an employee seconded to its Milan office.

At the year end guarantees and commitments to Aosta Factor totalled Euro 1,500,000.

The entity had turnover of Euro 635 thousand and is expected to report profit of Euro 593 thousand.

#### Fin-Eco Factoring S.p.A.

As mentioned above in the comments to "Equity interests", Fin-Eco Factoring S.p.A. reported a significant loss for the year ended December 31, 2003, due to large losses incurred in conducting business.

"Notes to the financial statements as at 31 December 2003" continued

As mentioned above, the equity interest was sold in the early months of 2004 for a consideration of Euro 290 thousand, already received.

The agreement for the licence to use the information system and bookkeeping, administrative and IT assistance continued in the course of 2003.

For these services and for pool management commissions, revenues totalled Euro 324,615.

signed on behalf of the Board of Directors *The Chairman Roberto Ruozi* 





#### **AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the shareholders of FACTORIT SpA SOCIETÀ DI FACTORING DELLE BANCHE POPOLARI ITALIANE

- We have audited the financial statements of FACTORIT SpA SOCIETÀ DI FACTORING DELLE BANCHE POPOLARI ITALIANE as of 31 December 2003. These financial statements are the responsibility of the directors of FACTORIT SpA SOCIETÀ DI FACTORING DELLE BANCHE POPOLARI ITALIANE. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.
- We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards and criteria recommended by CONSOB. Those standards and criteria require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain the necessary assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and, taken as a whole, are presented fairly. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the directors. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

For the opinion on the financial statements of the prior period, which are presented for comparative purposes as required by law, reference is made to our report dated 24 March 2003.

# PRICEV/ATERHOUSE COPERS @

- In our opinion, the financial statements of FACTORIT SpA SOCIETÀ DI FACTORING DELLE BANCHE POPOLARI ITALIANE as of 31 December 2003 comply with the laws governing the criteria for their preparation; accordingly, they give a true and fair view of the financial position and of the results of operations of the Company.
- We wish to emphasise that the Company changed the method used to determine the lump-sum write-down of receivables. The reason for and the effects of the change in accounting treatment are illustrated in the notes to the financial statements.

Milan, 18 March 2004

PricewaterhouseCoopers SpA

Bruno Ardemagni (Director)

This report has been translated from the original which was issued in accordance with Italian practice.